LINE CIRCULARITY IN PV –

HOW TO INTEGRATE RE-USE IN THE PV SECTOR?

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29/10/2020 - ISES Webinar

RESTRICTED

unec

- Founded in 1984 in Leuven, Belgium 0
- Independent non-for-profit organization 0
- Nanotechnology, digital and energy technologies 0
- Our mission is to explore, validate and upscale 0 technologies 3 - 10 years ahead of industrial needs

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sustainable energy and intelligent energy systems

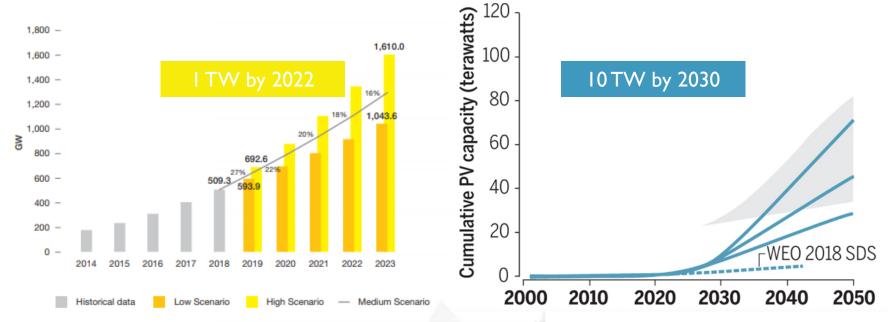


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CIRCULAR APPROACH IN PV FOR THE TERRAWATT ERA

ITW BY 2022-2025 IS JUST A HUMBLE START

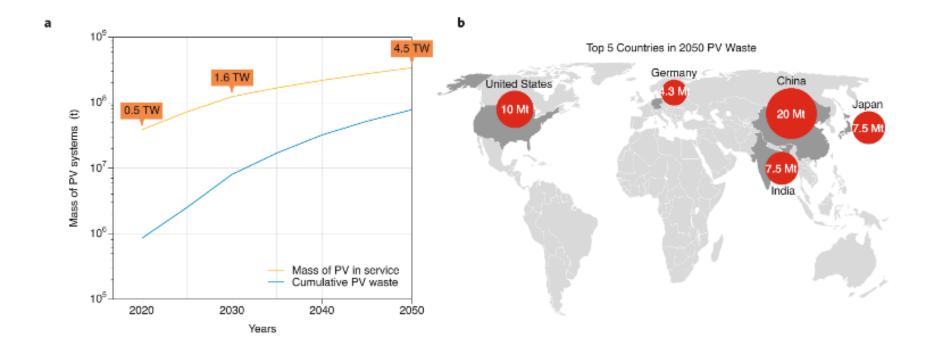




N. Haegel, Science, 2019 https://science.sciencemag.org/content/364/6443/836.full



PV WASTE ESTIMATES WILL FOLLOW...



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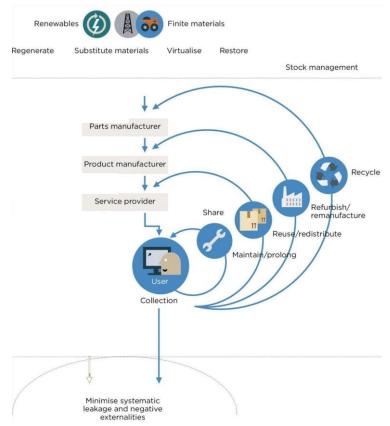
Source: G. Heath, Nature Energy, 2020 Link: <u>link to paper</u>



"In a **circular economy**, the value of products and materials is maintained for as long as possible. Waste and resource use are minimized, and when a product reaches the end of its life, it is used again to create further value."

EU Commission

CIRCULARITY IN GENERAL



Circular flow for technical products:

- Reuse
- Repair
- Remanufacture
- Recycling

REVIEW OF THE CURRENT PV RE-USE SECTOR AND OUR RECOMMENDATIONS

REVIEW OF THE SECTOR THROUGH INTERVIEWS

- Report realized in collaboration with PVCYCLE, bifa as independent evaluation of the emerging PV RE-USE sector
 - No prior report/study/survey worldwide
 - Non-documented/tracked activities
- Report largely prepared based on interviews with field actors during 2020 1st semester





OUTLINE

- Opportunities for re-use of PV modules
- Technical aspects: Collecting and preparing PV modules for re-use
- Economic desirability and feasibility
- Environmental desirability and feasibility
- Social desirability and feasibility
- Current market overview and examples



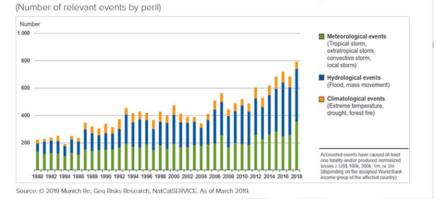
ORIGIN OF RE-USE MODULES

- Intact modules from commercial/utility PV systems partly damaged by extreme weather conditions
- 2. Repairable modules that are replaced by new ones by original provider
- 3. Repowering of commercial/utility-scale PV plants after 10-15 years



- Extreme weather conditions are more frequent in the last 5 years
- Trend is expected to continue with climate change

World Weather-Related Natural Catastrophes By Peril, 1980-2018





ENVIRONMENTAL DESIRABILITY & FEASIBILITY

Desirability: All good

- Positive impact by reducing environmental footprint (longer use for initial energy/material investment)
- Positive impact in low-income countries by reducing the use of diesel generators



Feasibility: All good except end of life!

- Repair and re-use are environmentally feasible
- Major risk at end of life in low-income countries (outside EU) \rightarrow landfilling of PV

Recommendation for re-use modules: development of accredited Re-use Centers for re-usable and second-hand PV Modules



SOCIAL DESIRABILITY & FEASIBILITY

Desirability: All good

- With job creation both the decommissioning and re-use location
- Preparing for re-use: 63 jobs/ 1000 t of WEEE (source: RRE-USE)
- Feasibility:All good if quality is ensured
 - Keep low price while creating confidence in second-hand product product information, insurance, image/reputation of the vendor
 - Recommendation: Develop technical standard, minimum product quality requirements and product warranty by re-use actor



CURRENT RE-USE PV MARKET OVERVIEW

- Currently ~15 companies trade second-hand modules world-wide with 5 European (German) players
- Most companies operate from China and outside EU where legislation is limited
- Total volume of the market (estimate!): 500-550
 MVVp/year
- Biggest volumes from US, China → Africa and Southern Asia







WAASLAND CO-HOUSING EQUIPPED WITH 2ND PV MODULES QUALITY CONTROLLED





SUNCRAFTER DEPLOYS SECOND PV MODULES IN OFF-GRID INSTALLATIONS



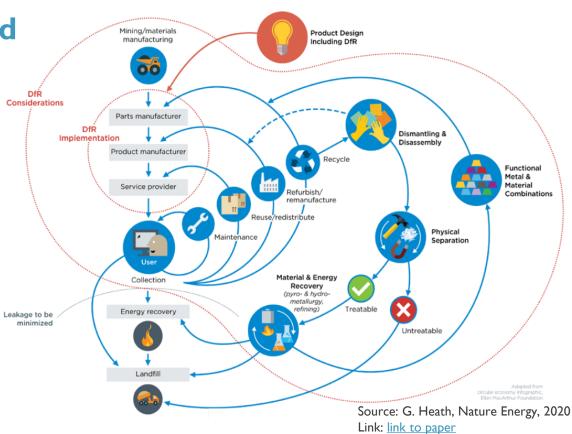


SUMMARY: PV RE-USE IS STARTING!

- Increasing opportunities for re-use and market of 500-550 MWp/year
- ! Technical aspects of preparing PV modules for re-use :
 - Quality testing and fast and low-cost repairs are possible
 - ! Detailed recommendations are made to avoid current lack of requirements and confidence in quality
- ? Economic feasibility in low-income countries but circularity/CO₂ regulations are needed
- Environmental desirable if end-of-life treatment at the last use location is available
- ✓ **Socially very desirable** with additional job creation + alleviating energy poverty
- **Legislation on waste and re-use** to improve for higher quality products



Going a step further: design for repair and recycling in PV:



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



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